| Name: | |
|-------|--|
| | |

Proviso East, Proviso West, and PMSA

AP LITERATURE

Required Summer Reading 2022

DUE: September 1st (first full day of school)

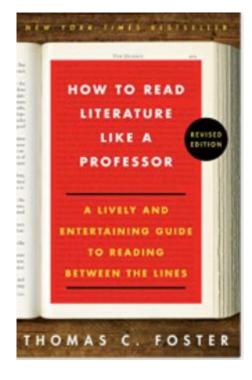
Directions: Read *How to Read Literature Like a Professor* by Thomas C. Foster to help you learn how to evaluate and analyze literature more critically. Then, use that information to help you read *Passing* by Nella Larson. Afterwards, write an essay answering the following prompt:

Many works of literature contain a character who intentionally deceives others. The character's dishonesty may be intended either to help or hurt. Such a character, for example, may choose to mislead others for personal safety, to spare someone's feelings, or to carry out a crime.

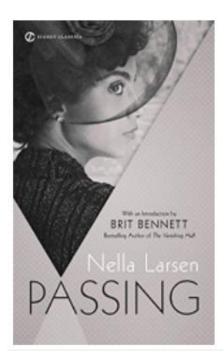
Read *Passing* by Nella Larson and choose a character who deceives others. Then, in a well-written essay, analyze the motive for that character's deception and discuss how the deception contributes to the meaning of the work as a whole (the novella's thematic message). Do not merely summarize the plot.

In your response, you should do the following:

- Respond to the prompt with a thesis that presents a defensible interpretation.
- Provide evidence to support the line of reasoning.
- Explain how the evidence supports the line of reasoning.
- Use appropriate grammar and punctuation in communicating the argument.



ISBN-13: 978-0062301673 **ISBN-10**: 0062301675



ISBN-10: 0593437845 ISBN-13: 9789354991196

Analytical Essay Rubric for a Literary Argument

Thesis

| Scoring Criteria | | | | |
|---|---|--|--|--|
| 0 Points: | 1 Point: | | | |
| For any of the following: | Responds to the prompt with a thesis that presents a defensible | | | |
| There is no defensible thesis. | interpretation of the selected work. | | | |
| The intended thesis only restates the prompt. | | | | |
| • The intended thesis provides a summary of the issue with no apparent or | | | | |
| coherent thesis. | | | | |
| There is a thesis, but it does not respond to the prompt. | | | | |
| Decision Rules and Scoring Notes | | | | |
| Responses that do not earn this point: | Responses that do earn this point: | | | |
| Only restate the prompt. | Provide a defensible interpretation based upon the prompt. | | | |
| Make a generalized comment about the selected work that does respond | | | | |
| to the prompt. | | | | |
| A 1100 - 1NT . | | | | |

Additional Notes:

- The thesis may be more than one sentence provided the sentences are in close proximity.
- The thesis may be anywhere within the response.
- For the thesis to be defensible, the selected work must include at least minimal evidence that could be used to support the thesis; however, the student need not cite that evidence to earn the thesis point.
- The thesis may establish a line of reasoning that structures the essay, but it needn't do so to earn the thesis point.
- A thesis that meets the criteria may be awarded the point whether or not the rest of the response successfully supports the line of reasoning.

Evidence and Commentary

| | Scoring Criteria | | | | | | |
|-------------------------------|-----------------------------|--------------------------------------|--|---|--|--|--|
| 0 Points | 1 Point | 2 Points | 3 Points: | 4 Points: | | | |
| Simply restates thesis (if | Evidence: | Evidence: | Evidence: | Evidence: | | | |
| present), repeats provided | Provides evidence that is | Provides some specific, | Provides specific evidence to | Provides specific evidence to | | | |
| information, or offers | mostly general. | relevant evidence. | support all claims in a line of | support all claims in a line of | | | |
| information irrelevant to the | AND | AND | reasoning. | reasoning. | | | |
| prompt. | Commentary: | Commentary: | AND | AND | | | |
| | Summarizes the evidence | Explains how some of the | Commentary: | Commentary: | | | |
| | but does not explain how | evidence relates to the | Explains how some of the | Consistently explains how | | | |
| | the evidence supports the | student's argument, but no | evidence supports a line of | the evidence supports a line | | | |
| | argument. | line of reasoning is | reasoning. | of reasoning. | | | |
| | | established, or the line of | | | | | |
| | | reasoning is faulty. | | | | | |
| Typical responses that earn 0 | Typical responses that earn | Typical responses that earn | Typical responses that earn | Typical responses that earn | | | |
| points: | 1 point: | 2 points: | 3 points: | 4 points: | | | |
| • Are incoherent or do not | • Tend to focus on | • Consist of a mix of | Uniformly offer evidence | Uniformly offer evidence | | | |
| address the prompt. | overarching narrative | specific evidence and | to support claims. | to support claims. | | | |
| May be just opinion with | developments or | broad generalities. | • Focus on the importance | • Focus on the importance | | | |
| no textual references or | description of a selected | May contain some | of specific details from the | of specific details from the | | | |
| references that are | work rather than specific | simplistic, inaccurate, or | work to build an | work to build an | | | |
| irrelevant. | details. | repetitive explanations | interpretation. | interpretation. | | | |
| | | that do not strengthen the argument. | Organize an argument as a line of reasoning | Organize and support an argument as a line of | | | |
| | | Make may one point well | composed of multiple | reasoning composed of | | | |
| | | but either do not | supporting claims. | multiple supporting | | | |
| | | adequately support more | • Commentary may fail to | claims, each with adequate | | | |
| | | than one claim. | integrate some evidence or | evidence that is clearly | | | |
| | | • Do not explain the | fail to support a key claim. | explained. | | | |
| | | connections or | | | | | |
| | | progression between the | | | | | |

| | student's claims, so a line of reasoning is not clearly established. | |
|--|--|--|
| | | |
| | | |

Additional Notes:

- Writing that suffers from grammatical and/or mechanical errors that interfere with communication cannot earn the fourth point.
- To earn the fourth point in this row, the response must address the interpretation of the selected work as a whole.

Sophistication

| Scoring Criteria | | | | |
|--|---|--|--|--|
| 0 Points | 1 Point | | | |
| Does not meet the criteria for one point | Demonstrates sophistication of thought and/or develops a complex literary | | | |
| | argument | | | |
| Decision Rules and Scoring Notes | | | | |
| Responses that do not earn this point: | Responses that earn this point may demonstrate a sophistication of | | | |
| • Attempt to contextualize their interpretation, but such attempts consist | thought or develop a complex literary argument by doing any of the | | | |
| predominantly of sweeping generalizations. | following: | | | |
| Only hint at or suggest possible interpretations. | 1. Identifying and exploring complexities or tensions within the selected | | | |
| Oversimplify complexities of the topic and/or the selected work. | work. | | | |
| • Use complicated or complex sentences or language that is ineffective | 2. Illuminating the student's interpretation by situating it within a | | | |
| because it does not enhance the student's argument. | broader context. | | | |
| | 3. Accounting for alternative interpretations of the text. | | | |
| | 4. Employing a style that is consistently vivid and persuasive. | | | |
| Additional Notes: | | | | |
| • This point should be awarded only if the sophistication of thought or complex understanding is part of the student's argument, not merely a phrase | | | | |

• This point should be awarded only if the sophistication of thought or complex understanding is part of the student's argument, not merely a phrase or reference.